

Camellia hybrid Multiflora Little Miss

Common Name

Height , Miniature Growing (up to 1.5m)

Spread , Narrow (up to 1m), Medium (1 - 2m)

Growing Conditions Full Sun, Low Maintenance, Low Water Use, Part Shade, Tolerates Light Frost, Well Drained, Wind Tolerant



Profile

Little Miss is a compact and vigorous camellia with small deep green glossy foliage and small 3cm delicate pink semi double flowers with a bright yellow centre of stamens. Plants will begin flowering as early as February and continue through till the beginning of winter. Although the flowers are small they appear in great numbers giving a floral display that will amaze you.

Multiflora camellias can be grown Australia wide. They are tolerant of both heat and light frost, but will need some protection in extreme situations, especially while young.

Uses

Low hedges, Low informal borders, Container displays, Mass planting, Bird Attracting, Borders, Containers, Exotic, Fragrance, Hedging, Scented Flowers, Screening, Shrubs, Standard, Topiary

Planting

Full sun to light shade

Soil pH should be neutral to moderately acidic. Poor or heavy soils should be improved with plenty of decomposed organic matter prior to planting and raised beds are recommended for areas with heavy clay soils.

Multiflora camellias require good drainage and are intolerant of heavy, water logged or clay soils.

60cm apart for a hedge or border.

Planting holes should be approximately twice the width and depth of the pot to be planted and back filled with top soil improved with organic matter.

During establishment period deep watering is recommended to encourage a deep root system.

Staking young plants can help to support plants as they establish.

Care

Once established Camellias have a low water requirement however regular irrigation is needed during the first 3 - 6 months, soil should be kept moist but not water logged. Watering can be slowly reduced as plants establish and begin to grow strongly.

Mulching is necessary to reduce moisture loss from the soil and to insulate surface roots from extremes of temperature. Mulch should stop at least 5 -10cm from the stem of the plant as it can lead to an increase in pest and disease problems if in direct contact.

Multiflora Camellias are naturally bushy and neat and may not require any trimming, however if needed pruning is best done in late winter or early spring.

Plants should be fed in spring and summer with a high quality complete fertiliser.

To view the extended profile for this variety follow

http://www.paradisepplants.com.au/Plants/Plant.aspx?plant_id=693.